TRIDONIC

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PCI PRO C011 Single

PCI PRO, built-in applications

Product description

- · For metal halide lamps
- Also for mobile luminaires with connectors
- Pulse packets for increased ignition energy (pulseCONTROL technology)
- With patented circuit elements
- Flicker-free light
- · Colour stability thanks to constant power
- Guaranteed long life
- · No acoustic resonance
- Safety shutdown if a lamp is faulty or missing
- Greatly reduced reignition time
- Hardly any EMC interference in the ignition phase
- Automatic shutdown on overheating
- Multi-lamp management: two lamp wattages with one device (choice of power via selection of the terminal)
- Casing: aluminium (PCI 20/22 PRO: steel)
- Push-in terminals up to 2.5 mm²
- · Excellent thermal behaviour

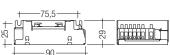
Technical data

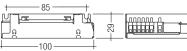
Mains voltage range	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 254 V
DC voltage range	198 – 320 V (at 22, 50, 70, 150 W)
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Max. ignition voltage	5 kVp (2 kVp at 22 W)
Operating frequency	145 Hz
Type of protection	IP20

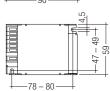
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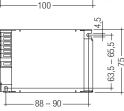
Standards, page 2

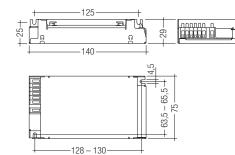
Wiring diagrams and installation examples, page 2, 3











Ordering data

Туре	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, pallet	Weight per pcs.
For luminaires with 1 lamp				
PCI 20/22 PR0 C011	86458600	15 pieces	1,350 pieces	0.150 kg
PCI 35/50 PR0 C011	86459307	15 pieces	900 pieces	0.204 kg
PCI 35/70 PR0 C011	86458601	15 pieces	900 pieces	0.204 kg
PCI 100/150 PR0 C011	86458602	15 pieces	900 pieces	0.315 kg

Specific technical data

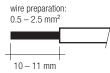
Lamp	Lamp	Туре	Article number	Dimensions	Lamp	Circuit	EEI	Efficiency	Current at	λ at	Max. cable	tc point	Ambient	tc/ta for ≥
wattage	type			L x W x H	power	power®			50 Hz 230 V	50 Hz 230 V	length to lamp	max.	temperature ta	50,000 h
For lumina	aires with	h 1 lamp												
1 x 20 W	HI	PCI 20/22 PRO C011	86458600	90 x 59 x 29 mm	20 W	23.0 W	A2	> 88 %	0.10 A	0.95	2 m / 160 pF	75 °C	-25 60 °C	70/55 °C
1 x 22 W	HI	PCI 20/22 PRO C011	86458600	90 x 59 x 29 mm	22 W	25.5 W	A2	> 88 %	0.10 A	0.95	2 m / 160 pF	75 °C	-25 60 °C	70/55 °C
1 x 35 W	HI	PCI 35/50 PRO C011	86459307	100 x 75 x 29 mm	39 W	43.5 W	A2	> 89 %	0.20 A	0.96	5 m / 400 pF	80 °C	-25 70 °C	70/60 °C
1 x 50 W	HI	PCI 35/50 PRO C011	86459307	100 x 75 x 29 mm	50 W	55.0 W	A2	> 90 %	0.25 A	0.96	5 m / 400 pF	0° 08	-25 65 °C	70/55 °C
1 x 35 W	HI	PCI 35/70 PRO C011	86458601	100 x 75 x 29 mm	39 W	43.5 W	A2	> 89 %	0.20 A	0.97	5 m / 400 pF	80 °C	-25 70 °C	70/60 °C
1 x 70 W	HI	PCI 35/70 PRO C011	86458601	100 x 75 x 29 mm	73 W	79.0 W	A2	> 90 %	0.35 A	0.97	5 m / 400 pF	0° 08	-25 60 °C	70/50 °C
1 x 100 W	HI	PCI 100/150 PRO C01	86458602	140 x 75 x 29 mm	100 W	108.0 W	A2	> 91 %	0.50 A	0.97	5 m / 400 pF	85 °C	-25 65 °C	80/60 °C
1 x 150 W	HI	PCI 100/150 PRO C01	86458602	140 x 75 x 29 mm	147 W	158.5 W	A2	> 91 %	0.70 A	0.97	5 m / 400 pF	80 °C	-25 55 °C	75/50 °C
@ At to 00	00													

Installation instructions

Wiring type and cross section

Stranded wire or solid wire up to 2.5 mm^2 may be used for wiring. Strip 10–11 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-in terminals.

Use one wire for each terminal connector only.



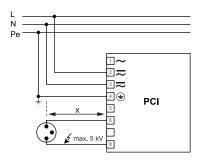
Note on wiring

The length of the lamp wires is limited by the value of cable capacitance. The maximum of $400 \, \text{pF}^*$ would enable connection of approximately 5 m* of lamp wire.

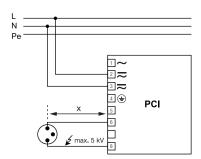
* 2 m / 160 pF for PCI 20/22 PRO

To avoid the damage of the control gear, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

In class 1 luminaires it is necessary to earth the ballast and the luminaire via the earth terminal, in class 2 luminaires not.



Circuit diagram PCI class 1 application

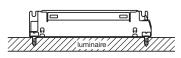


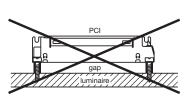
Circuit diagram PCI class 2 application

Mounting recommendation

The PCI-C has an excellent thermo management. Optimum heat transport can help improving the lifetime. Whenever possible keep the ballast away from hot parts.

To ensure optimum heat removal the ECG should be mounted on a metal plate (luminaire body). No insulators between the ECG and the the cooling surface (air, adhesive tape, etc.). Finally important remains the temperature measurement.





If several ballasts are installed in masts, boxes, etc., measures must be taken to avoid overheating of individual components.

Radio interference

- Do not cross mains and lamp cables.
- Do not lay mains cables together with lamp cables (ideally they should be 5–10 cm apart).
- Do not lead mains cables too closely along the electronic ballast.
- · Twist lamp cables.
- Increase the distance between lamp cables and earthed metal surfaces.
- Keep the mains cable in the luminaire short.
- Parallel runs (x) of mains and lamp cables must be kept as short as possible.
- Connection to earth reduces radio interference.

Important advise

When a lamp is changed (at the end of its life), if a lamp is missing or after overtemperature shutdown the mains voltage of the ECG must be disconnected.

Warning - starting voltage up to max. 5 kV!

Not suitable for use with lamps with integral ignitors.

A list of released lamps for the save operation with PCI can be found on <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Techn. Data \rightarrow Lamp matrix \rightarrow Lamp Matrix for HID

Safety switch off

End of life of the lamps

At the end of their useful life, lamps often cycle on/ off. The PCI ballast recognises this condition and switches off the lamp, after three complete on/ off cycles and whilst the supply has been unswitched. Complete lamp switch off enables easy identification of a defective lamp in the application. After a change of the faulty lamp and an interruption of the mains supply (mains reset) the ballast will strike the lamp. When there is no lamp in circuit or a defective lamp is connected to the ballast, the ballast will switch off after apr. 25 minutes.

Overtemperature shutdown

The units shut down at Δt approx. +12 ... +19 °C compared with tc. A mains reset must be carried out so that the units switch on again.

Overload strength

320 Vac / 1 h 280 Vac / 10 h

Standards

EN 55015 (radio interference) EN 61000-3-2 (mains harmonics) EN 61347-2-12 EN 61547 (interference immunity) EN 61167

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply

	THD
Туре	at 230 V/50 Hz
PCI 20/22 PR0	< 12 %
PCI 35/50 PR0	< 10 %
PCI 35/70 PR0	< 10 %
PCI 100/150 PR0	< 12%

Ballast lumen factor EN 60929 8.1

	AC/DC-BLF
Туре	at U = 198–254 V, 25 °C
PCI 20/22 PR0	1.00
PCI 35/50 PR0	1.00
PCI 35/70 PR0	1.00
PCI 100/150 PR0	1.00

Loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²
PCI 20/22 PR0	30	40	50	60	15	20	25	30
PCI 35/50 PR0	14	25	36	42	8	14	18	18
PCI 35/70 PR0	14	25	36	42	8	14	18	18
PCI 100/150 PR0	7	14	20	20	4	6	7	7

Multi wattage power selection

The PCI PRO C011 are able to operate two different wattages. As a result of the lamp characteristics an automatic detection is not possible. The wattage selection is done via mains terminals. For using the lower power lamp connect the mains on the terminals [1] and [3]. For using the higher power lamp connect the mains on the terminals [2] and [3]. Do not connect the mains on the terminals [1] and [2] as this would destroy the device!

To avoid the use of a wrong lamp we recommend to mark the luminaire with the correct lamp type.

The unused multi wattage terminal [1] or [2] can lead mains voltage.

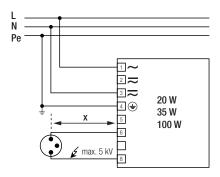
Correct mains setup

It is important to run the ballast only with the lamp set at the mains terminals. Over powering of the lamp will lead to a shorter lifetime or destruction of the lamp. Under powering may lead to an early shutdown or colour shifts in the lamp as well as a shorter life time.

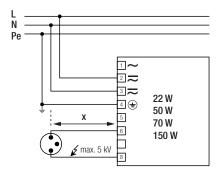
Note on PCI 20/22 PRO C011

That ballast is designed to drive a standard 20 W lamp as well as 22 W lamps*. In this setup 20 W lamps cannot be ignited.

* Philips CDM-TM 20



Circuit diagram multiwatt for 20, 35 and 100 W



Circuit diagram multiwatt for 22, 50, 70 and 150 W

Temperature range

The ta temperature value is the basis for specifying the rated life.

The relationship between the tc temperature and the ta temperature depends on the design of the luminaire. If the measured tc temperature is approximately 5 K under the tc max. temperature the ta temperature should be checked and, if necessary, measurements should be taken on the critical components (e.g. electrolytic capacitor).

Detailed information is available on request. PCI PRO C011 is designed for an average life of 50,000 hours under rated conditions, with a failure probability of less than 10%. This corresponds to an average failure rate of 0.2% per 1,000 hours of operation.

The specified tc temperature is the maximum permitted value (rated temperature according to EN 61347 -1). Above this safety-related value the thermal cutout protects the device against damage. The expected lifetime values are shown in the following table. The tc values are the relevant values here.

Expected lifetime

Туре	Lamp type	Lamp power	ta	45 °C	50 °C	55 °C	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C	
		1x20 W	tc	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	х	Х	
PCI 20/22 PR0	HI		Lifetime	> 75,000 h	75,000 h	55,000 h	40,000 h	х	Х	
0120/221110		1,00.10	tc	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	х	Х	
	HI	1x22 W	Lifetime	> 75,000 h	75,000 h	55,000 h	40,000 h	Х	Х	
		1VOE W	tc	55 °C	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	80 °C	
PCI 35/50 PRO	HI	1x35 W	Lifetime	> 55,000 h	> 55,000 h	> 55,000 h	55,000 h	40,000 h	25,000 h	
0133/30 FN0	н	1x50 W	tc	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	80 °C	Х	
			Lifetime	> 55,000 h	> 55,000 h	55,000 h	40,000 h	25,000 h	Х	
	н	1x35 W	tc	55 °C	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	80 °C	
PCI 35/70 PRO			Lifetime	> 55,000 h	> 55,000 h	> 55,000 h	55,000 h	40,000 h	25,000 h	
0133/70 FN0	н	1x70 W	tc	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	80 °C	Х	Х	
		1X70 W	Lifetime	> 55,000 h	55,000 h	40,000 h	25,000 h	Х	Х	
	н	1,100.14	tc	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	80 °C	85 °C	Х	
PCI 100/150 PRO		1x100 W	Lifetime	> 70,000 h	> 70,000 h	70,000 h	50,000 h	35,000 h	Х	
		1,150 W	tc	70 °C	75 °C	80 °C	х	х	Х	
	н	HI	HI	1x150 W	Lifetime	70,000 h	50,000 h	35,000 h	х	х

x ... not permitted

Storage conditions

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %, not condensed (max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with $500 V_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The isolation resistance must be at least $2\,M\Omega$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with $1500\,V_{\text{AC}}$ (or $1.414\,x\,1500\,V_{\text{DC}}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com \rightarrow Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Services

No warranty if device was opened.