TRIDONIC



Driver LC 60W 700/1400mA fixC SR SNC2

essence series

Product description

- Independent driver with strain-relief housing
- Extra flat housing for constrained installation conditions (small ceiling cut outs and low ceiling voids)
- Output current 700 or 1,400 mA
- For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- Nominal life-time up to 50,000 h
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- 5-year guarantee

Properties

- Casing: polycarbonat, white
- Type of protection IP20
- Push-in terminals
- 2 separate strain relief parts for input and output cables with highly robust clamps

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection
- No output current overshoot at mains on/off
- Burst protection voltage 1 kV
- Surge protection voltage 1 kV (L to N)
- Surge protection voltage 2 kV (L/N to earth)

Typical applications

- For spot light and downlight in retail and hospitality application
- For panel light and area light in office and education application



Standards, page $\ensuremath{\mathtt{3}}$ Wiring diagrams and installation examples, page $\ensuremath{\mathtt{3}}$





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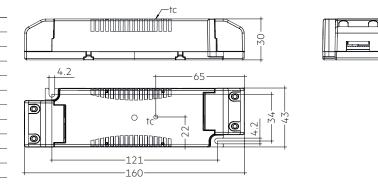
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Driver LC 60W 700/1400mA fixC SR SNC2

essence series

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 450 µA
λ at full load $^{\oplus}$	0.95
λ at min. load [®]	0.9C
Mains frequency	50/60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 1 h
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 20 %
Output current tolerance®	± 7.5 %
Typ. output LF current ripple at full load®	± 25 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-20 +50 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at life-time 50,000 h)	40 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +80 °C
Dimensions L x W x H	130 x 43 x 30 mm
Output current tolerance [®] Typ. output LF current ripple at full load [®] Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) Hold on time at power failure Ambient temperature ta Ambient temperature ta (at life-time 50,000 h) Storage temperature ts	± 7.5 % ± 25 % ≤ 0.5 s ≤ 0.5 s 0 s -20 +50 °C 40 °C -40 +80 °C



Ordering data

Туре	Article number	Packaging, carton	5 5.	Packaging, high volume	5 1
LC 60/700/86 fixC SR SNC2	87500774	14 pc(s).	280 pc(s).	2,240 pc(s).	0.156 kg
LC 60/1400/43 fixC SR SNC2	87500777	14 pc(s).	280 pc(s).	2,240 pc(s).	0.157 kg

Specific technical data

Туре		yp. rated current at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Max. input power	Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Output power	Efficiency at full load®	Efficiency at min. load [®]	Min. forward voltage®	Max. forward voltage®	Max. output voltage		Max. casing temperature tc
LC 60/700/86 fixC SR SNC2	700 mA	0.28 A	65 W	64.0 W	32.9 – 60.2 W	90 %	88.0 %	47 V	86 V	100 V	928 mA	85 °C
LC 60/1400/43 fixC SR SNC2	1,400 mA	0.30 A	66 W	64.5 W	35.0 - 60.2 W	92 %	91.0 %	25 V	43 V	60 V	1,881 mA	85 °C

¹ Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz

[®] Output current is mean value.

[®] Typical value at full load, depends on load's voltage-current character.

[®] The trend between min. and full load is linear and depends on load's voltage-current character.

1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 61547 EN 60598-1 EN 62384

1.1 Glow wire test

according to EN 60598-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

2. Thermal details and life-time

2.1 Expected life-time

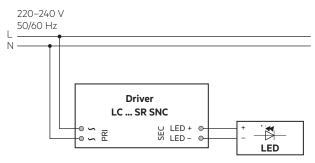
Expected life-time

Expected me-nine					
Туре	ta	40 °C	50 °C		
LC 60/700/86 fixC SR SNC2	tc	75 °C	85 °C		
	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h		
LC 60/1400/43 fixC SR SNC2	tc	75 °C	85 °C		
Le 60/1400/45 like SK 5Ne2	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h		

The LED Drivers are designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %. Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.

3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



3.2 Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid with a cross section of 0.5–1.5 mm². Strip 8.5–9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals. Use one wire for each terminal connector only.

The max. torque at the clamping screw (M4) is 0.3 Nm.

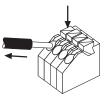


The following cable types are approved and recommended by Tridonic:

RVVB 2 x 0.5 mm² RVVB 2 x 0.75 mm² RVVB 2 x 1 mm² RVVB 2 x 1.5 mm² RVV 3 x 0.75 mm² SOLID 2.5 mm²

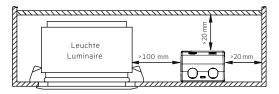
3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Fixing conditions when using as independent Driver with Clip-On

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



3.5 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- The secondary wires (LED module) should be routed in parallel to ensure good EMC performance.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can demage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.6 Replace LED module

- 1. Mains off
- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 20 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

3.7 Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.

Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

3.8 Mounting of device

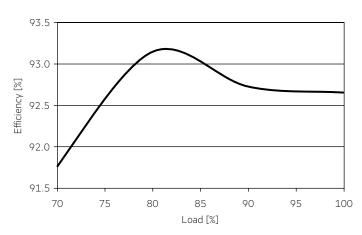
Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

LED Driver Compact fixed output

4. Electrical values

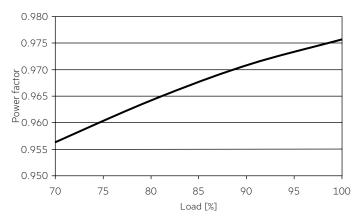
4.1 Diagrams LC 60W 700mA fixC SR SNC2

4.1.1 Efficiency vs load



310 290 nput current [mA] 270 250 230 210 190 75 80 85 90 95 100 70 Load [%]

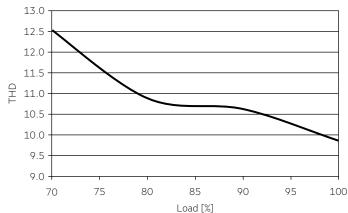




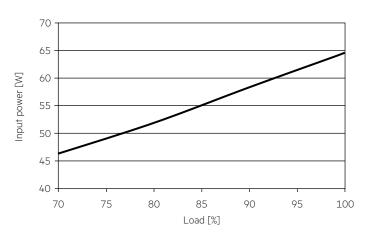
4.1.5 THD vs load

4.1.4 Input current vs load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:

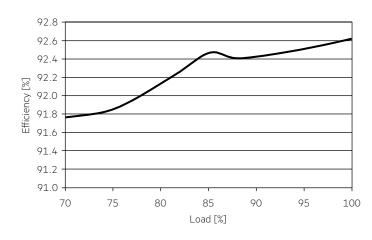


4.1.3 Input power vs load

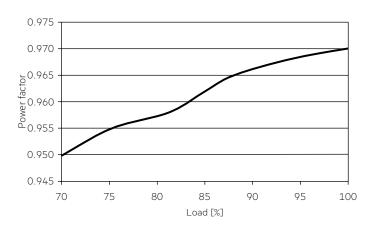


4.2 Diagrams LC 60W 1400mA fixC SR SNC2

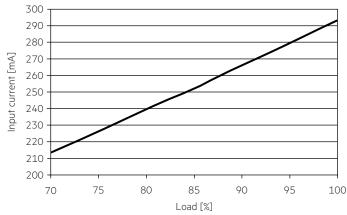
4.2.1 Efficiency vs load



4.2.2 Power factor vs load

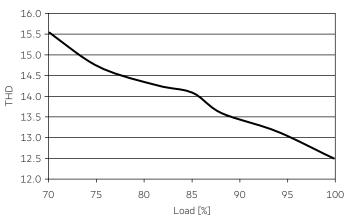


4.2.4 Input current vs load

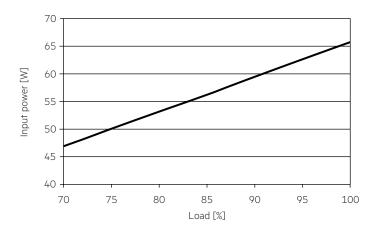




THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



4.2.3 Input power vs load



4.3 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit									Inrus	h current
breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20		
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	$2.5mm^2$	Imax	Time
LC 60/700/86 fixC SR SNC2	25	40	50	60	20	35	40	50	10 A	50 µs
LC 60/1400/43 fixC SR SNC2	25	40	50	60	20	35	40	50	10 A	50 µs

4.4 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 60/700/86 fixC SR SNC2	< 15	< 10	< 7	< 5	< 5	< 3
LC 60/1400/43 fixC SR SNC2	< 20	< 15	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 3

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED Driver switches into hic-cup mode. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED Driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

5.3 Overload protection

If the output voltage range is exceeded the LED Driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

5.4 Overtemperature protection

The LED Driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the LED Driver will switch off. It restarts automatically.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with 500 V $_{\text{DC}}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The isolation resistance must be at least 2 MO

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{\rm AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{\rm DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity:

5% up to max. 85%, not condensed (max. 56 days/year at 85%)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

6.3 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> → Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.