TRIDONIC

Linear / area fixed output outdoor







Driver LCO 150W 500/700/1050/1400mA fixC L SNC2

SNC Outdoor series

Product description

- Fixed output built-in LED Driver
- Constant current LED Driver
- Output current 500, 700, 1,050 or 1,400 mA
- Up to 92 % efficiency
- For luminaires of protection class I
- \bullet Expanded ambient temperature range of -30 ... +60 °C
- Nominal life of 50,000 h
- 5-year guarantee

Properties

- Metal casing
- Type of protection IP67

Functions

- Overtemperature protection
- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection



Standards, page 3

Wiring diagrams and installation examples, page $\ensuremath{\mathtt{3}}$





Linear / area fixed output outdoor

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IP67 **€ (€** RoHS

Only for 1,400 mA:

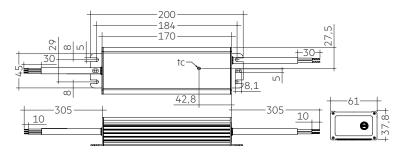
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Driver LCO 150W 500/700/1050/1400mA fixC L SNC2

SNC Outdoor series

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	120 – 240 V
AC voltage range	100 – 240 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 500 μΑ
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 10 %
Output current tolerance®	± 5 %
Typ. output LF current ripple at full load®	< 5 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤1s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Ambient temperature ta	-30 +60 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +85 °C
Mains burst capability	4 kV
Mains surge capability (between L – N)	4 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	6 kV
Surge voltage at output side (against PE)	1.5 kV
Dimensions L x W x H	200 x 61 x 37.8 mm



Ordering data

Туре	Article number®	Packaging, carton	Packaging, pallet	Weight per pc.
LCO 150/500/300 fixC L SNC2	28002305	10 pc(s).	380 pc(s).	0.723 kg
LCO 150/700/214 fixC L SNC2	28002306	10 pc(s).	380 pc(s).	0.723 kg
LCO 150/1050/142 fixC L SNC2	28002307	10 pc(s).	380 pc(s).	0.723 kg
LCO 150/1400/107 fixC L SNC2	28002308	10 pc(s).	380 pc(s).	0.723 kg

Specific technical data

Specific reciffical data														
Туре	Output	Input current	Input power	Max.	Output	λ	Efficiency	λ	Efficiency	Min.	Max.	Max. output	Max. peak	Max. casing
	current®	(at 230 V,	(at 230 V,	input	power	at full	at full	at min.	at min.	forward	forward	voltage	output	temperature tc
		50 Hz, full	50 Hz, full	power	range	load [®]	load [®]	load [®]	load [®]	voltage	voltage	(U-OUT)	current at	
		load)	load)										full load®	
LCO 150/500/300 fixC L SNC2	500 mA	0.70 A	161.4 W	161.4 W	45 – 150 W	0.98	92.0 %	0.90C	83.0 %	90 V	300 V	310 V	615 mA	90 °C
LCO 150/700/214 fixC L SNC2	700 mA	0.71 A	163.7 W	163.7 W	45 – 150 W	0.98	92.0 %	0.91C	79.0 %	64 V	214 V	224 V	882 mA	90 °C
LCO 150/1050/142 fixC L SNC2	1,050 mA	0.71 A	162.5 W	162.5 W	45 – 150 W	0.98	92.0 %	0.89C	84.0 %	43 V	142 V	152 V	1,260 mA	90 °C
LCO 150/1400/107 fixC L SNC2	1,400 mA	0.72 A	167.3 W	167.3 W	45 – 150 W	0.98	89.5 %	0.91C	79.5 %	32 V	107 V	113 V	1,694 mA	90 °C

Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz

[®] Output current is mean value.

 $^{^{\}scriptsize \textcircled{\scriptsize 0}}$ The trend between min. and full load is linear and depends on load's voltage-current character.

 $^{^{\}tiny{\textcircled{\scriptsize 0}}}$ Typical value at full load, depends on load's voltage-current character.

 $^{^{\}hbox{\scriptsize \$}}$ The delivery time is 13 weeks.

1. Standards

EN 55015

EN 61000-3-2

EN 61000-3-3

EN 61347-1

EN 61347-2-13

EN 61547

EN 62384

2. Thermal details and life-time

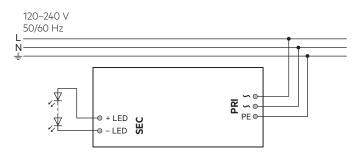
2.1 Expected life-time

Expected life-time

Туре	ta	45°C	50°C	55°C	60 ℃
LCO 150/500/300 fixC L SNC2	tc	65°C	70 °C	75 °C	80°C
	Life-time	>100,000 h	80,000 h	55,000 h	40,000 h
LCO 150/700/214 fixC L SNC2	tc	65°C	70 °C	75 °C	80°C
	Life-time	>100,000 h	80,000 h	55,000 h	40,000 h
LCO 150/1050/142 fixC L SNC2	tc	60°C	65°C	70°C	75°C
	Life-time	>100,000 h	80,000 h	55,000 h	40,000 h
LCO 150/1400/107 fixC L SNC2	tc	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	80°C
	Life-time	95,000 h	65,000 h	45,000 h	30,000 h

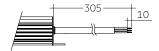
3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



3.2 Connection

	Primar cable	Seco ca	ndary ble	
L	N	N PE		_
brown	blue	green/yellow	red	black



PRI:

3x 1.0 mm²

SEC:

2 x 1.0 mm²

3.3 Wiring instructions

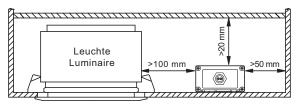
- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- The maximum length of output wires is 3 m.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.4 Installation instructions

The switching of LEDs on secondary side is not permitted.

3.5 Fixing conditions

Acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner. Terminals according to EN 60998-2-1 or EN 60998-2-2 are required.



3.6 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED Driver can be earthed via metal housing. If the LED Driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED Driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour.

- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

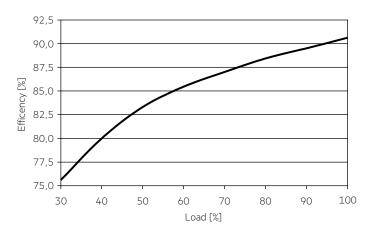
In general it is recommended to earth the LED Driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

For Class I application, protection earth need to connected with the metal housing (bottom part).

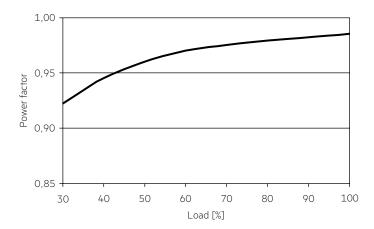
4. Electrical values

4.1 Diagrams

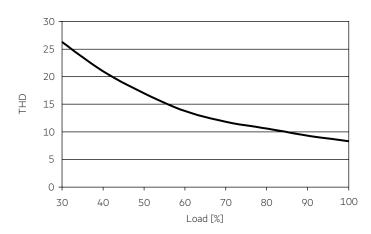
4.1.1 Efficiency vs Load



4.1.2 Power factor vs Load



4.1.3 THD vs Load



4.2 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrusi	n current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	$2.5\mathrm{mm}^2$	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	Imax	Time
LCO 150/500/300 fixC L SNC2	5	7	8	9	3	3	6	8	124 A	208 µs
LCO 150/700/214 fixC L SNC2	5	7	8	9	3	3	6	8	124 A	208 µs
LCO 150/1050/142 fixC L SNC2	5	7	8	9	3	3	6	8	124 A	208 µs
LCO 150/1400/107 fixC L SNC2	5	7	8	9	3	3	6	8	124 A	208 µs

4.3 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load)

in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LCO 150/500/300 fixC L SNC2	< 10	< 6	< 6	< 5	< 4	< 3
LCO 150/700/214 fixC L SNC2	< 10	< 6	< 6	< 5	< 4	< 3
LCO 150/1050/142 fixC L SNC2	< 8	< 6	< 6	< 4	< 3	< 3
LCO 150/1400/107 fixC L SNC2	< 10	< 6	< 6	< 5	< 4	< 3

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED Driver switches into hic-cup mode. After the removal of the short-circuit fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED Driver works in constant voltage mode. In no-load operation the output voltage will not exceed the specified max. output voltage (see page 2).

5.3 Overload protection

If the output voltage range is exceeded the LED Driver will work in hic-cup mode. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

5.4 Overtemperature protection

The LED Driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the LED Driver is switched off. It restarts automatically.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with 500 V $_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The isolation resistance must be at least $2\,M\Omega$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 95 %,

not condensed

(max. 56 days/year at 95 %)

Storage temperature: $-40\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ up to max. $+85\,^{\circ}\text{C}$

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

6.3 Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com \rightarrow Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.